



B101-0867 Burn In Sealer

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

RPM Wood Finishes Group  
3194 Hickory Boulevard  
Hudson, North Carolina 28638  
828-728-8266

EMERGENCY PHONE (CHEM TREC): ..... 1-800-424-9300  
FOR ALL INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS. .... 1-703-527-3887 (collect)

Health: 2                      Flammability: 4                      Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME: B101-0867 Burn In Sealer

## I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

REVISION DATE: 15/09/03  
SUPERCEDES: 21/12/01  
MSDS NO. B101-0867  
OSHA HAZ. CLASS: Eye irritant. Neurotoxin - may cause nervous system damage.  
Mucous membrane (respiratory tract) irritant.

## II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	%	CAS #	PEL
ethyl acetate	41-50	141-78-6	400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA
n-butyl acetate	21-30	123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA
PM acetate	11-20	108-65-6	No PEL established
Acrylic polymer	11-20	PROPRIETARY	No PEL established
toluene	11-20	108-88-3	200 ppm TWA; C 300 ppm
Magnesium Silicate Hydrate	1-10	14807-96-6	see Table Z-3
Quartz	<1	14808-60-7	see Table Z-3
Propane		74-98-6	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
Isobutane		75-28-5	No PEL established

## III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Routes of Entry:** Inhalation, ingestion, skin, eyes.  
**Medical Conditions Aggravated:** Skin disease including eczema and sensitization. Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis. Eye disease. Kidney disease. Liver disease.

### Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

**Inhalation:** High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and even death with longer exposure. Can cause mechanical irritation if dusts are generated. Chronic lung disease (silicosis) and/or lung cancer may result from prolonged/repeated breathing of the dust of this material. Can cause severe respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

**Skin Contact:** Causes skin irritation. Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage. No hazard in normal industrial use.

**Eye Contact:** Can cause mechanical irritation if dusts are generated. Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible. No hazard in normal industrial use.

**Skin Absorption:** Can be absorbed through the skin but exposure must be extensive before adverse health effects occur. No absorption hazard in normal industrial use. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. No hazard in normal industrial use. Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**Target Organ Acute Toxicity:**

Ethylacetate	eyes, skin, respiratory system
n-Butyl acetate	eyes, skin, respiratory system, CNS
Toluene	CNS, liver, kidneys, skin, eyes, respiratory system
Talc (containing no asbestos and less than 1% quartz)	CVS, eyes, respiratory system
Silica, crystalline	respiratory system, eyes (in animals: lung cancer)

**Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:**

**Carcinogenicity:** Contains a substance that is a probable cancer hazard based on human studies.

**Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:** Possible reproductive hazard. No data.

**Mutagenicity:** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Inhalation:** Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

**Skin Contact:** Continued or prolonged contact may irritate the skin and cause a skin rash (dermatitis). Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation. Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

**Eye Contact:** Upon prolonged or repeated contact, dust contact can cause mechanical irritation. Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.

**Skin Absorption:** Skin sensitization, characterized by redness, inflammation, itching and/or burning may result from prolonged or repeated contact with this material. Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

**Target Organ Chronic Toxicity:** Skin. Skin. Eyes. Nervous System. Respiratory Tract. Respiratory Tract. Nervous System. Eyes. Kidneys. Liver.

**Supplemental Health Hazard Information:** No additional health information available.

#### **IV. FIRST AID**

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**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention, if irritation persists. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Have eyes examined and tested by medical personnel. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.

**Skin Contact:** Wash with soap and water. Wash with mild soap and water. If irritation occurs get medical attention. If clothing is contaminated, remove and wash before reuse. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash with soap and water.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give victim 1-2 glasses of water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. No hazard in normal industrial use. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if symptoms develop. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS.

**Notes to MD:** No additional first aid information available.

#### **V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

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##### **Flammability Summary:**

**Flash Point:** -144 (CALC.) °F  
**Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:** 13.1 @ 77° F  
**Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:** 1.3 @ 77° F

**Fire Hazards:** Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death. Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Extinguishing Media:** H2O, CO2, dry chemical, foam. Carbon dioxide Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Water fog. Foam Dry chemical Halon Alcohol foam Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

## **VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Health Consideration for Spill Response:** Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill.

**Spill Mitigation Procedures General Methods:** Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation.

## **VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Handling:** Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with material. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Keep in air-tight containers- material is hygroscopic. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contact and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area.

**Storage:** Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed.

## **VIII. ENGINEERING CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**Engineering Controls:** Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.

## **Protective Equipment**

### **Respiratory Tract:**

Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2-1992). A written respiratory protection program, including provisions for medical certification, training, fit testing, exposure assessments, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage should be implemented.

### **Eyes:**

Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

### **Skin:**

Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves, an apron and other protective equipment depending upon conditions of use. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

## **IX. PHYSICAL DATA**

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<b>Physical State:</b>	CLOUDY LIQUID
<b>Odor:</b>	STRONG SOLVENT
<b>Solids Vol %:</b>	9.4822
<b>Solids Wt %:</b>	12.5339
<b>Material VOC lbs/gal:</b>	6.7961
<b>Material VOC gms/l:</b>	816.149
<b>Coatings VOC lbs/gal:</b>	6.7961
<b>Coatings VOC gms/l:</b>	816.149
<b>Weight per gallon:</b>	7.7876

## **X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

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<b>Stability Information:</b>	Stable. Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Conditions to Avoid:</b>	Avoid: heat, sparks, flame and oxidizing agents. None known.
<b>Chemical Incompatibility:</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong alkalies. Strong acids. Metals.
<b>Hazardous Polymerization:</b>	Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

## **XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>CAS Number</b>	<b>LD50/LC50</b>
Acetic acid, ethyl ester	141-78-6	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 200 gm/m3; Inhalation LC50 Mouse : 45 gm/m3/2H; Oral LD50 Rat : 5620 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse : 4100 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : >20 mL/kg
Acetic acid, butyl ester	123-86-4	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 2000 ppm/4H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse : 6 gm/m3/2H; Oral LD50 Rat : 10768 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse : 6 gm/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : >17600 mg/kg
Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester	108-65-6	Oral LD50 Rat : 8532 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : >5 gm/kg
Toluene	108-88-3	Inhalation LC50 Rat : 49 gm/m3/4H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse : 400 ppm/24H; Oral LD50 Rat : 636 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 14100 uL/kg

## **XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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**Overview (for ingredients):** No data available. Moderate ecological hazard. This product may be dangerous to plants and/or wildlife.

## **XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Waste Description for Spent Product:** The waste may be a listed hazardous waste. The waste may be a "special" waste. Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.

**Disposal Methods:** Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations. Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.

**Potential EPA Waste Codes:** If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001.

### **Components Subject to USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions:**

Ethylacetate	141-78-6	41.28 %
Toluene	108-88-3	10.3 %

## **XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

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**DOT** AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, UN 1950

## **XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>Regulation</b>	<b>CASRN</b>	<b>%</b>
Toluene	SARA 313 Reportable:	108-88-3	10.3
Toluene	California Proposition 65 Developmental Toxicity:	108-88-3	10.3
ethyl acetate	New Jersey Right To Know:	141-78-6	41.28
n-butyl acetate	New Jersey Right To Know:	123-86-4	20.51
PM acetate	New Jersey Right To Know:	108-65-6	15.38
Acrylic polymer	New Jersey Right To Know:	PROPRIETARY	10.48
toluene	New Jersey Right To Know:	108-88-3	10.3

## **XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

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**Other Information:** IMPORTANT: WHILE THE DESCRIPTIONS, DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH AND BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, IT IS PROVIDED FOR YOUR GUIDANCE ONLY. BECAUSE MANY FACTORS MAY AFFECT PROCESSING OR APPLICATION/USE, WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU PERFORM AN ASSESSMENT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF A PRODUCT FOR YOUR PARTICULAR PURPOSE PRIOR TO USE. NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE MADE REGARDING PRODUCTS DESCRIBED, DATA OR INFORMATION SET FORTH. IN NO CASE SHALL THE DESCRIPTIONS, INFORMATION, OR DATA PROVIDED BE CONSIDERED A PART OF OUR TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE. FURTHER, THE DESCRIPTIONS, DATA AND INFORMATION FURNISHED HEREUNDER ARE GIVEN GRATIS. NO OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY FOR THE DESCRIPTION, DATA AND INFORMATION GIVEN ARE ASSUMED. ALL SUCH BEING GIVEN AND ACCEPTED AT YOUR RISK.

MSDS glossary.